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## Structure Reports

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## $N, N^{\prime}$-Bis(4-bromo-2-fluorobenzylidene)-ethane-1,2-diamine

## Hoong-Kun Fun* and Reza Kiał

X-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia
Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=100 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.041 ; w R$ factor $=0.101$; data-to-parameter ratio $=26.3$.

The molecule of the title Schiff base compound, $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$, lies across a crystallographic inversion centre and adopts an $E$ configuration with respect to the azomethine $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ bonds. The imino groups are coplanar with the aromatic rings. Within the molecule, the planar units are parallel, but extend in opposite directions from the dimethylene bridge. An interesting feature of the crystal structure is the short intermolecular $\mathrm{Br} \cdots \mathrm{F}$ interactions [3.2347 (16) $\AA$, which is shorter than the sum of the van der Waals radii of these atoms]. These interactions link neighbouring molecules along the $c$ axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). For halogenhalogen interactions, see: Ramasubbu et al. (1986); Brammer et al. (2003). For related structures, see, for example: Fun \& Kia (2008a,b,c): Fun et al. (2008). For Schiff base complexes and their applications, see, for example: Pal et al. (2005); Calligaris \& Randaccio, (1987); Hou et al. (2001); Ren et al. (2002).


[^0]
## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$
$M_{r}=430.10$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{b} / c$
$a=4.1981$ (1) А
$b=14.6190(3) \AA$
$c=12.8861$ (3) $\AA$
$\beta=104.751$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$

$$
V=764.78(3) \AA^{3}
$$

$Z=2$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=5.32 \mathrm{~mm}^{-}$
$T=100.0$ (1) K
$0.51 \times 0.07 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.172, T_{\text {max }}=0.769$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040 \quad 100$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.100$
$S=1.05$
2631 reflections

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=1.40 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.85 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.93 | 2.53 | $3.386(3)$ | 154 |
| Symmetry code: (i) $x,-y-\frac{1}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$. |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2629).

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## supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1941-o1942 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536808029000] ]

## $N, N^{\prime}$-Bis(4-bromo-2-fluorobenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

## H.-K. Fun and R. Kia

## Comment

Schiff bases are one of most prevalent mixed-donor ligands in the field of coordination chemistry. There has been growing interest in Schiff base ligands, mainly because of their wide application in the field of biochemistry, synthesis, and catalysis (Pal et al., 2005; Hou et al., 2001; Ren et al., 2002). Many Schiff base complexes have been structurally characterized, but only a relatively small number of free Schiff bases have been characterized (Calligaris \& Randaccio, 1987). As an extension of our work (Fun \& Kia 2008a,b,c; Fun et al., 2008) on the structural characterization of Schiff base ligands, and the halogen-halogen interactions in the halogen-subtituated Schiff bases, the title compound (I), is reported here.

The molecule of the title compound, (I), (Fig. 1), lies across a crystallographic inversion centre and adopts an $E$ configuration with respect to the azomethine $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ bond. The bond lengths (Allen et al., 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable with the related structures (Fun \& Kia 2008a,b,c; Fun et al., 2008). The two planar units are parallel but extend in opposite directions from the dimethylene bridge. The interesting feature of the crystal structure is the short intermolecular $\mathrm{Br} \cdots \mathrm{F}$ interactions [symmetry code: $1-x,-1 / 2+y, 1 / 2-z$ ] with the distance of 3.2347 (16) $\AA$, which is shorter than the sum of the van der Waals radii of these atoms. The directionality of these interactions, $\mathrm{C}-X \cdots X-\mathrm{C}(X=$ halogens), has been attributed to anisotropic van der Waals radii for terminally bound halogens or ascribed to donor-acceptor interactions involving a lone pair donor orbital on one halogen and a $\mathrm{C}-X \sigma^{*}$ acceptor orbital on the other (Ramasubbu et al., 1986; Brammer et al., 2003). These interactions link neighbouring molecules along the $c$-axis (Fig. 2). The crystal structure is further stabilized by intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

## Experimental

The synthetic method has been described earlier (Fun \& Kia 2008a). Single crystals suitable for $X$-ray diffraction were obtained by evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

## Refinement

All of the hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93$ or $0.97 \AA$ and refined in riding model with $U_{\text {iso }}$ $(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$. The highest peak is located $1.73 \AA$ from Br 1 and the deepest hole is located $0.7 \AA$ from Br 1 .

## Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) with atom labels and $50 \%$ probability ellipsoids for nonH atoms [symmetry code for A: $-x,-y,-z$.

## supplementary materials



Fig. 2. The crystal packing of (I), viewed down the $a$-axis, shows linking of molecules by $\mathrm{Br} \cdots \mathrm{F}$ contacts along the $c$-axis and the stacking of these molecules down the $a$-axis. Intermolecular interactions are shown as dashed lines.

## N, $\mathrm{N}^{\prime}$-Bis(4-bromo-2-fluorobenzylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$
$M_{r}=430.10$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=4.19810$ (10) $\AA$
$b=14.6190$ (3) $\AA$
$c=12.8861(3) \AA$
$\beta=104.751$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=764.78(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
$F_{000}=420$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.868 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo K $\alpha$ radiation
$\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 5643 reflections
$\theta=3.2-30.0^{\circ}$
$\mu=5.32 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100.0$ (1) K
Needle, colourless
$0.51 \times 0.07 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=100.0(1) \mathrm{K}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.172, T_{\text {max }}=0.770$
19361 measured reflections
2631 independent reflections
1907 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.050$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=32.0^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\text {min }}=2.2^{\circ}$
$h=-6 \rightarrow 6$
$k=-21 \rightarrow 21$
$l=-19 \rightarrow 18$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.100$
$S=1.05$
2631 reflections

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained

$$
w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0539 P)^{2}\right]
$$

where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=1.40$ e $\AA^{-3}$

100 parameters
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.85$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Br1 | $-0.74079(7)$ | $-0.51485(2)$ | $0.18481(2)$ | $0.02329(11)$ |
| F1 | $-0.0347(4)$ | $-0.22639(11)$ | $0.31348(12)$ | $0.0267(4)$ |
| N1 | $-0.0960(6)$ | $-0.12204(15)$ | $0.01873(19)$ | $0.0192(5)$ |
| C1 | $-0.2112(7)$ | $-0.27577(19)$ | $0.2280(2)$ | $0.0199(5)$ |
| C2 | $-0.3675(7)$ | $-0.35336(19)$ | $0.2493(2)$ | $0.0206(6)$ |
| H2A | -0.3576 | -0.3716 | 0.3192 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| C3 | $-0.5404(7)$ | $-0.40314(18)$ | $0.1619(2)$ | $0.0181(5)$ |
| C4 | $-0.5632(7)$ | $-0.37558(19)$ | $0.0569(2)$ | $0.0215(6)$ |
| H4A | -0.6819 | -0.4099 | -0.0009 | $0.026^{*}$ |
| C5 | $-0.4047(7)$ | $-0.29567(19)$ | $0.0405(2)$ | $0.0208(6)$ |
| H5A | -0.4212 | -0.2761 | -0.0293 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| C6 | $-0.2210(6)$ | $-0.24370(18)$ | $0.1260(2)$ | $0.0174(5)$ |
| C7 | $-0.0381(6)$ | $-0.16150(18)$ | $0.1090(2)$ | $0.0182(5)$ |
| H7A | 0.1239 | -0.1380 | 0.1659 | $0.022^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.1076(7)$ | $-0.04254(19)$ | $0.0114(2)$ | $0.0208(5)$ |
| H8A | 0.2171 | -0.0516 | -0.0456 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.2750 | -0.0349 | 0.0783 | $0.025^{*}$ |

## Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Br1 | $0.02442(16)$ | $0.01848(15)$ | $0.02622(17)$ | $-0.00289(11)$ | $0.00507(11)$ | $0.00316(11)$ |
| F1 | $0.0383(10)$ | $0.0214(9)$ | $0.0173(8)$ | $-0.0032(7)$ | $0.0014(7)$ | $-0.0029(6)$ |
| N 1 | $0.0213(11)$ | $0.0165(11)$ | $0.0209(11)$ | $-0.0001(9)$ | $0.0072(9)$ | $0.0004(9)$ |
| C1 | $0.0220(13)$ | $0.0195(14)$ | $0.0163(12)$ | $0.0024(10)$ | $0.0015(10)$ | $-0.0035(10)$ |
| C2 | $0.0261(14)$ | $0.0187(13)$ | $0.0168(13)$ | $0.0035(10)$ | $0.0051(11)$ | $0.0018(10)$ |
| C3 | $0.0191(12)$ | $0.0153(12)$ | $0.0209(13)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ | $0.0066(10)$ | $0.0012(10)$ |
| C4 | $0.0221(13)$ | $0.0231(14)$ | $0.0187(13)$ | $-0.0001(11)$ | $0.0042(11)$ | $-0.0006(11)$ |
| C5 | $0.0231(13)$ | $0.0197(13)$ | $0.0185(13)$ | $0.0003(10)$ | $0.0034(11)$ | $0.0022(10)$ |


| C6 | $0.0192(13)$ | $0.0142(12)$ | $0.0196(13)$ | $0.0031(9)$ | $0.0064(10)$ | $0.0015(10)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C7 | $0.0182(12)$ | $0.0151(12)$ | $0.0210(13)$ | $0.0016(9)$ | $0.0042(10)$ | $-0.0022(10)$ |
| C8 | $0.0178(12)$ | $0.0194(12)$ | $0.0251(14)$ | $-0.0027(10)$ | $0.0055(10)$ | $-0.0026(11)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.895(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $1.366(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.265(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.460(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.373(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.387(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.382(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.391(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $116.3(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $117.7(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $117.7(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $124.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $116.8(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.6 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.6 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $122.2(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{Br} 1$ | $119.2(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{Br} 1$ | $118.6(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $118.4(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $121.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-179.0(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.3(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $-1.5(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{Br} 1$ | $176.3(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $0.4(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-177.4(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.0(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.8(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-0.1(4)$ |
| S 5 |  |


| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.387(4)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.398(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.472(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.521(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $116.2(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $121.8(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $122.0(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $121.6(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.2 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{i}$ | $109.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.2 |
| $\mathrm{~F} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $2.4(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $-177.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-1.1(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $176.7(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $-178.5(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $-165.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $16.4(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $-115.8(3)$ |
|  |  |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x,-y,-z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A} \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.93 | 2.53 | $3.386(3)$ | 154 |

## supplementary materials

Fig. 1


Fig. 2



[^0]:    $\ddagger$ Additional correspondence author, e-mail: zsrkk@yahoo.com.

